

* 本科目可使用計算機

1. Solve the following differential equations:

(a) (5%) $(y^2 + xy + 1)dx + (x^2 + xy + 1)dy = 0$

(b) (5%) $y'' - 3y' + 2y = e^{2x} + \sin x$

(c) (10%) $y'' + 4y' + 5y = 0$; $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = -1$

2. The definition of Laplace transform is given as $F(s) = \int_0^{\infty} f(t)e^{-st} dt$.

(a) (5%) Find the Laplace transform of the function: $f(t) = \int_0^t e^{3\tau} \sin 2\tau d\tau$

(b) (5%) Find the inverse Laplace transform of the function: $F(s) = \frac{s+2}{s^2+2s+5}$

(c) (10%) Using Laplace transform to solve the following initial value problem:

$y'' + 4y = 5e^t$ with $y(0) = 0$ and $y'(0) = 0$.

3. (10%) The Fourier series representation is defined as $f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos \frac{2n\pi}{T} x + b_n \sin \frac{2n\pi}{T} x)$, where T is the period of expansion function.

Find the Fourier series representation of $f(x)$: $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & 0 \leq x < \pi \\ 1, & \pi \leq x < 2\pi \end{cases}$, $f(x) = f(x + 2\pi)$.

4. Consider the matrix $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 9 \\ -6 & 10 \end{pmatrix}$

(a) (10 %) Compute \mathbf{A}^{10} .

(b) (10 %) Diagonalizing \mathbf{A} .

(c) (10 %) Find the inverse of \mathbf{A} .

5. (10%) Evaluate $\int_C (4x^2 + 4y^2 + 5z^2)^2 ds$ where C is the arc of the circular helix

$\mathbf{r}(t) = \cos t \hat{i} + \sin t \hat{j} + 3t \hat{k}$, from $A: (1, 0, 0)$ to $B: (-1, 0, 3\pi)$.

6. (a)(5%) Find the principle values of $(1-i)^{1+i}$; (b)(5%) Evaluate the integral $\int_{\pi i}^0 z \cos(z) dz$.