Low-power and high-speed CORDIC-based split-radix FFT processor for OFDM systems

宋志雲,辛錫進,鄭倚朋 Microelectronics Engineering Engineering bobsung@btcx.com.tw

Abstract

This paper presents a CORDIC (Coordinate Rotation Digital Computer)-based split-radix fast

Fourier transform (FFT) core for OFDM systems, for example, Ultra Wide Band (UWB),

Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL), Digital Audio Broadcasting (DAB), Digital Video

Broadcasting - Terrestrial (DVB-T), Very High Bitrate DSL (VHDSL), and Worldwide Interoperability

for Microwave Access (WiMAX). The high-speed 128/256/512/1024/2048/4096/8192-point FFT processor has been implemented by 0.18 μ m (1p6m) at 1.8 V, in which all

the control signals are generated internally. This programmable FFT processor outperforms

the conventional ones in terms of both power consumption and core area.

Keyword: FFT, CORDIC, split-radix, OFDM systems