

Deformation Characteristics of AZ31B-0 Mg Alloy Sheet during Rapid Gas Blow Forming

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Abstract

A series of experiments was performed using tensile tests and stepwise pressurization profiles for gas blow forming to explore the deformation behavior of fine-grained Mg alloy AZ31B thin sheet. Decreasing the forming time in gas blow forming using fine-grained Mg alloy AZ31B thin sheet with a thickness of 0.6 mm has been studied in this work. During gas blow forming, thin alloy sheets were successfully deformed into hemispherical domes using two proposed stepwise pressurization profiles. As a result, significant reduction in forming time was achieved. Maximum effective deformation rates of 1.02×10^2 and 1.98×10^2 s⁻¹ were obtained at temperatures of 300 and 370°C, respectively, when the thin alloy sheets were subjected to deformation. It was feasible to form a hemispherical dome with a height of 20 mm in less than 80 s at 370°C. The results confirmed that the thickness distribution along the centerline of the formed dome was sensitive to the pressurization profiles. A higher thinning effect was observed at 370°C due to the higher deformation rate imposed during forming. Grain growth was not a serious problem for forming even at a temperature of 370°C, and static grain growth should be the major factor resulting in grain growth during forming.

Keyword : AZ31B Mg alloy, strain-rate sensitivity, gas blow forming, pressurization profile