Confined Resistive Switching of TiO2 Dielectrics Resistive Random Access Memory with a nanopore in the TiO2 film created by Focus Ion Beam 吳建宏, Chia-Jung Hsieh, Shui-Jinn Wang Electronics Engineering Engineering rossiwu

Abstract

TiO2 high-k material has attracted much attention recently because of its reversible resistance switching behavior for resistive random access memory (RRAM) devices. Essentially, low cost, low power, multi-level cell and reliability close to flash are required for RRAM. Efforts to improve density and speed using different metals/dielectrics and device structures have been reported [1-4]. The use of FIB to prepare a Pt/nanopored-TiO2/TaN RRAMs and their resistive switching behaviors are demonstrated. With nanopore with an area of 2020~4040 nm2 in the TiO2 dielectric film, the prepared Pt/nanopored-TiO2/TaN RRAMs have a lower forming/set/reset voltage and a more stable data retention behavior as compared to conventional Pt/TiO2/TaN RRAMs.

Keyword: TiO2 \ high-k material \ RRAM \ Focus Ion Beam