Subjective Rating of Floor Slipperiness & Slip/Fall Outcomes in a Gait Experiment 李開偉,王建文,黃斯胤 Industrial Management Kai@chu.edu.tw

Abstract

Slips and falls create major burdens for both the industries and our society. A gait experiment was conducted in this study. The subject walked on a 6 m walkway with or without shoes and stepped on a tested area. The tested area was covered with one of the four floors: steel, wood, vinyl, and ceramic. The surface of the tested area might be dry, wet, or oilycontaminated. The subjective rating of floor slipperiness on the testing area was collected after the walk. The outcome of a trial was also recorded as without slip/fall, slipped without fall, or slipped and fall. It was found that the subjective ratings of floor slipperiness between the barefoot condition and shod condition were statistically significantly (p<0.0001) on both dry and oily floors. Chi-square homogeneity tests on the outcome of slip/fall were performed. The results showed that the distribution of slip/fall outcomes were associated with the with/without shoes conditions. More slipped and fall cases were observed when the subjects were barefooted.

Keyword: Slips & falls, perceived floor slipperiness, gait